

“Canada was built on a triangular foundation – aboriginal, francophone and anglophone” [17, c. 2].

Aboriginal peoples, Indigenous peoples, First Nations, Inuits (Inuvialuits), Métis peoples, Indians, Native-Canadians, Amerindians, Autochthones (a term used by French Canadians) [WPE],

2010
human form [WPE] (); used as a milestone or directional marker by the Inuit of the Canadian Arctic [WPE]. *Inukshuk* (safety, hope and friendship).

∴ *kinnikinnik* – , *keekwillee-house* –
sault-chuck – , *kokane* – , *powwow* – ;
pemmican –
“ ”
kanata,

“ ” [9, . 30].

1859

(bilingualism: a government policy which supports and promotes the existence of two distinct cultures [DC]),

(multiculturalism: a government policy which supports and promotes the existence of a number of distinct cultures [DC]).

(, *caleche* –
double window , *storm window* –
whisky blanc – , *professor* – . .)

SPEAKER ()
: allophone –
someone whose first language is neither English nor French; anglophone – someone who speaks English as a first language; francophone – someone who speaks French as a first language.
– (anglophones)
∴ a rubber

band – (AmE – *elastic*), *a chesterfield* – (AmE – *sofa*), *runners* – (AmE – *sneakers, tennis shoes*), *a cash register* – (AmE – *a till*).

“ ” (North American English) [, : 9; 27]

” [9, .63].

.4]. [18,

National Hockey League – (AmE, CanE) (, walkathon – , mall – , duplex – , spritzer – , stampede – , tag day – , boondoggle – , treaty money – , maple syrup –).

MULTICULTURALISM ()

MULTICULTURALISM

–multi (multiculturalism, multiethnicity, multiracism : multicultural, multiethnic, multiracial; multilingual, multinational, multi-faith, multi-religious),

. 30

DIVERSITY

(/) (the condition of being different or having differences [DC]).

(anada’s Immigration Act) 1962

“any suitably qualified person from any part of the world could be considered for immigration to Canada, without regard to his race, colour, national origin, or the country from which he comes”. 1971

(Multiculturalism Policy),

1982

Charter of Rights and Freedoms

(),

melting-pot,
Canadians were accepted as a mosaic of people, meaning people from all different nations were equal [26].

Canadianize (4),
: Many official symbols of the country such as the Flag of Canada have been changed or modified over the past few decades in order to “Canadianize” them [18, . 9]),
canadianization
canadianize, Americanization
12, americanize – 19 [DC],
(DIVERSITY).
(same-sex marriage).
BILINGUISM MULTICULTURALISM
(acceptance)
(understanding of differences) (collective development).
diversity, or cultural pluralism
DIVERSITY
diversity in the workplace
(innovations),
(teamwork and creativity),

MULTICULTURALISM multi- (multiculturalism, multiethnicity, multiracism : multicultural, multiethnic, multiracial; multilingual, multinational, multi-faith, multi-religious,

BILINGUISM, (); : DIVERSITY, IMMIGRATION,
: Multiculturalism Policy, Canada’s Immigration Act, Charter of Rights and Freedoms;
: acceptance, understanding, respect, teamwork, innovations, cre tivity, new markets, social experience, daily life .
MULTICULTURALISM

DIVERSITY. Canada has managed its increasing diversity and maintained unity by balancing rights and responsibilities in citizenship, and individual and collective rights in Constitution [17, c. 5]. MULTICULTURALISM
DIVERSITY –

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