

“ — , , ” [13; 16].

, , [9].

CHARACTER
505

CHARACTER
[25; 28].

CHARACTER

[6].

[19].

1 -

	302	60	Cruel - ‘ ’; sulky - ‘ ’; insidious, sly - ‘ ’; crabby - ‘ ’; naughty - ‘ ’
	203	40	Sympathetic - ‘ ’; brave - ‘ ’; affable, amiable - ‘ ’; assertive - ‘ ’
	505	100	

” [5].

(40 % 60 %)

(30 % 70 %) (, , [5]).

[3].

offensive, derogatory, vulgar, humorous), : smug ‘ (‘ – (disapproving ‘) – feeling or looking too pleased about smth you have done or achieved ‘ має вигляд ’ [25].

despondent ‘ , : . gloomy ‘ ’ – sullen, depressed, tempered, petulant ‘ , ’; crabby ‘ ’ – bad-tempered, [25].

– of a person, : pert ‘ ’ – of a person, esp. young one: formal, presumptuous or impudent in speech or behavior ‘ , ’ [26].

– of character, : sloppy ‘ ’ – of character: careless, untidy, slovenly ‘ , ’ [26].

(kharakter “instrument for making”)

“character”

[12; . 457].

[12; . 459].

[25; 26].

SOED,

character ‘ – all the qualities and features that make a person different from others; strong personal qualities such as the ability to deal with difficult or dangerous situations; the interesting or unusual quality that a person has ‘

’, character ‘ - the mental and moral qualities distinctive to an individual; the quality of being individual; strength and originality in a person’s nature ‘ [26].

’, ‘ character ‘ kharakter ‘ kharassein ‘ kharax ‘ [24].

“CHARACTER”

CHARACTER

[14].

CHARACTER,

. 2.

2 -

1.	32	10
2.	26	8
3.	25	8
4.	22	7
5.	22	7
6.	22	7
7.	20	6
8.	20	6
9.	20	6
10.	18	5
11.	18	5
12.	15	4
13.	13	4
14.	7	3,1
15.	6	2
16.	5	1,8
17.	5	1,8
18.	5	1,8
	302	100

2

(10 % - gloomy ‘ ’, morose ‘ ’),
 (8 % - cold-hearted ‘ ’, cruel ‘ ’), (8 % - crabby
 ‘ ’, petulant ‘ ’). [7],

(7 % - changeable ‘ ’, carefree
 ‘ ’), (7 % - bumptious ‘ ’, hoity-toity ‘ ’),
 (6 % - ill-mannered ‘ ’, impolite ‘ ’), (6 %
 - stubborn ‘ ’, naughty ‘ ’); (5 % - avid ‘ ’, greedy
 ‘ ’).

CHARACTER,
 “ ” (3 % - insidious ‘ ’, sly ‘ ’); “ ” (3 % - chatty
 ‘ ’, garrulous, ‘ ’), “ ” (2 % - selfish ‘ ’, self-interested
 ‘ ’); “ ” (2 % - frowsy ‘ ’, sloppy ‘ ’);
 “ ” (1 % - genteel ‘ ’, niminy-piminy ‘ ’).

3.

1.	28	14
2.	26	13
3.	24	12
4.	23	11
5.	22	10
6.	20	9
7.	20	9
8.	19	8
9.	8	3
10.	7	3
11.	6	2
	203	100

3
 (14 % -
 affable ‘ ’, amiable ‘ ’), (13 % - big-hearted
 ‘ ’, careful ‘ ’), (12 % - fair ‘ ’, fair-minded
 ‘ ’), (11 % - balanced ‘ ’, well-balanced
 ‘ ’).

(10 % - courageous ‘ ’, brave ‘ ’),
 (9 % - generous ‘ ’, lavish ‘ ’), (9 % - civil ‘ ’,
 polite ‘ ’), (9 % - calm ‘ ’, patient ‘ ’).

CHARACTER 21
 3 % - modest ‘ ’, shy ‘ ’), (3 % - highly-minded
 ‘ ’, noble ‘ ’), (2 % - assertive
 ‘ ’).

‘ , purposeful ‘). [4; 9].

CHARACTER

‘ ; nature ‘ ; disposition ‘ ; temper ‘ , temperament ‘ [25].
nature ‘ – 2) the innated is position or character of a person; inborn or hereditary characteristics; an individual element of character
; disposition ‘ –
1) the natural qualities of a person’s character; a frame of mind; a mood ‘
; temper ‘ – 1) mental balance or composure, esp. under provocation; calmness; a tendency to become angry easily; an angry state of mind ‘
; temperament ‘ – constitution or habit of mind affecting behavior, natural disposition, personality; ‘ [26].

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**EVALUATIVE ADJECTIVES AS MEANS OF VERBALIZATION
OF THE CONCEPT CHARACTER**

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The paper deals with the analysis of the concept CHARACTER. The concept under discussion is considered to be one of the core values in the consciousness of representatives of different linguistic communities. The paper gives a survey of evaluative adjectives in English, which represent the concept CHARACTER. The results of the research clearly show that the core of the concept CHARACTER is represented by evaluative adjectives with negative meaning while the periphery of the concept under discussion represents positive features of character.

Keywords: concept, evaluation, evaluative adjectives, semantic criterion.

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